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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/883,384	06/19/2001	Frank L. Politano	107833	1064
	7590 11/03/200 Department - WS	EXAMINER		
Attn: Patent Docketing Room 2A-207 One AT & T Way Bedminster, NJ 07921			DASS, HARISH T	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3695	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			11/03/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/883,384	POLITANO, FRANK L.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	HARISH T. DASS	3695					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	correspondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>14 Au</u>	iaust 2009						
	action is non-final.						
<i>i</i> —	/ 						
	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	,						
·							
4) Claim(s) <u>1-4,6,7,9-14,16,17 and 19-24</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6) Claim(s) <u>1-4, 6-7, 9-14, 16-17, 19-24</u> is/are reje	ected.						
·= · · ·	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce	epted or b)□ objected to by the I	Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some coll None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s) 1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date.							
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application 6) Other:							
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6) Other:							

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DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 8/14/09 has been entered.

Priority: 06/19/2001

Status of Claims:

Claims 5, 8, 15, 18 are canceled.

Claims 1-4, 6-7, 9-14, 16-17, 19-24 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

2. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

> Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

Claims 1-4, 6-7, 9-10, 21-22 remain rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101. Based on Supreme Court precedent and recent Federal Circuit decisions, the Office's guidance to examiners is that a § 101 process must (1) be tied to a machine or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing.

In re Bilski et al, 88 USPQ 2d 1385 CAFC (2008); Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); Parker v. Flook, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780,787-88 (1876).

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An example of a method claim that would not qualify as a statutory process would be a claim that recited purely mental steps. Thus, to qualify as a § 101 statutory process, the claim should positively recite the other statutory class (the thing or product) to which it is tied, for example by identifying the apparatus that accomplishes the method steps, or positively recite the subject matter that is being transformed, for example by identifying the material that is being changed to a different state.

Here, applicant's method steps fail the first prong of the new Federal Circuit decision since **they are not tied to a machine** and can be performed without the use of a particular machine. Thus, claims 1-4, 6-7, 9-10, 21-22 are non-statutory since they may be performed within the human mind. Applicant has failed to show that the amended limitation is processed by a machine. <u>"a consumable account device" is not a machine</u> (Note: specification is not read to the claims).

The mere recitation of the machine with an absence of a machine in the body of the claim fails to make the claim statutory under 35 USC 101. Insignificant extra-solution activity will not transform an unpatentable principle into a patentable process (see John Love, Deputy Commissioner for Patent Examination Policy, memorandum Jan. 7, 2009).

Note the Board of Patent Appeals Informative Opinion Ex parte Langemyeret alhttp://iplaw.bna.com/iplw/5000/split_display.adp?fedfid=10988734&vname=ippqcases2 Application/Control Number: 09/883,384 Page 4

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&wsn=500826000&searchid=6198805&doctypeid=1&type=court&mode=doc&split=0&s cm=5000&pg=0

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-4, 6-7, 9-14, 16-17 and 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rowe (US 2002/0198803 A1) in view of Fredregill et al (herein after Fredregill - US 5,923,016) and Soumas et al. (hereinafter Soumas - US 3,634,669) and Charles A. Jaffe "Shop 'n' save – or save 'n' shop?"; Seattle Times, Seattle, Wash, Feb 21, 2000. pg. C2".

Re Claim 1" Rowe discloses a method and apparatus for facilitating monetary and commercial transactions and for providing consumer reward programs comprising

Depositing Value as principal corresponding to a consumed item (Page 1; paragraphs 0010-0013; '1 Skymile for every eligible dollar spent; paragraphs 0027-0028; defined transaction categories; Each of the plurality of transaction categories may each have its own independent reward program with each

reward program defined independent of any other defined category or reward program.)

Rowe does not explicitly disclose wherein the earned value is solely for future consumption of the consumed item and Accruing earned value on the principal and an interest rate applied to the principal; and

depositing value corresponds to a consumed item of supplier into a consumable account device and prohibiting withdrawal of the principal in the consumable account device for use in further consumption.

However, calculating interest on principal based on the interest rate compounded annually is well known where interest earned at the end of period (e.g., year) is equal to principal times the interest rate (yearly interest). For example \$50.00 @ 5% the interest is 50*5/100 = \$2.5 earned interest at the end of the year. This compound earned interest is used in banking for saving accounts to calculate the interest earned periodically on the principal balance of the account.

Fredregill discloses an in-store points redemption system wherein customers can redeem accumulated points only at the retailer outlet associated with those purchases (Abstract). It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to include the teaching of Fredregill to the disclosure of Rowe so that each retailer may have its own independent reward program defined independent of other reward programs.

Jaffe (analogous art) discloses depositing value corresponds to a consumed item of supplier into a consumable account device and prohibiting withdrawal of the principal in the consumable account device for use in further consumption.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to combine the disclosures Rowe, Fredregill, Jaffe to provide a consumer-loyalty program where the rebates go directly to fund account and invested which will grow as investment vehicle for the costumer and the customer will be motivated to shop more from the consumer loyalty program system.

Soumas explicitly discloses Accruing earned value on the principal and an interest rate applied to the principal [col. 4 lines 446-56; col. 8 line 74 through col. 9 line 50]. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to combine the disclosures Rowe, Fredregill, Jaffe and Soumas to provide a computer based investment calculator or spread sheet which enables one to determine the future value of his/her saving based on desired annual interest rate incrementally for different interest rate/terms or at a fix interest rate/terms.

Re Claim 2: Rowe further discloses the steps comprising

- Maintaining an account for a consumer that consumed the consumed item (paragraphs 0023-0027)
- Permitting withdrawal of the earned value for future consumption of the consumed item based on terms of an agreement for the account (paragraphs 0028-0029). Jaffe, further discloses consumable account device. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to combine the disclosures Rowe, Fredregill, Jaffe to provide a consumer-loyalty program

where the rebates go directly to fund account and invested which will grow as investment vehicle for the costumer and the customer will be motivated to shop more from the consumer loyalty program system.

Re Claim 3: Rowe further discloses the steps comprising

- Updating the principal based on one or more deposits of consumed items
 (Paragraph 0148) and;
- Generating a balance of accrued earned value on a schedule based on the agreement (paragraph 0148). Jaffe, further discloses consumable account device. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to combine the disclosures Rowe, Fredregill, Jaffe to provide a consumer-loyalty program where the rebates go directly to fund account and invested which will grow as investment vehicle for the costumer and the customer will be motivated to shop more from the consumer loyalty program system.

Re Claim 4: Rowe discloses the claimed method supra and further discloses the step wherein the account comprises one or more or a savings consumable account, a certificate of deposit and a mutual consumable fund (Paragraphs 0046-0051).

Re Claim 6: Rowe further discloses the steps comprising receiving information from one or more suppliers and updating consumer accounts based on the received information (paragraph 0137).

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Re Claim 7: Rower discloses the claimed method supra and further discloses the

steps wherein the information, comprising one or more of:

• One or more new interest rates to replace current interest rates for one or more

consumer accounts • One or more new consumer accounts • One or more new

maturation dates to replace current maturation dates and;

• One or more principals updates to increment or decrement current principals

and; • One or more earned values to increment or decrement current earned values

(paragraphs 0137 and paragraph 0159).

Re Claim 9: Rowe discloses the claimed method supra and further discloses the

steps comprising on or more of

• Transferring principal from a consumer account to another consumer account

Withdrawing earned value from a consumer account

Depositing additional value to a consumer account and;

Changing parameters of a consumer account (Paragraph 0163-0164).

Re Claim 10: Rowe further discloses the steps wherein the principal comprising

one or a combination of two or more of:

Value corresponding to consumed items

A number of times purchases were made

A number of times a supplier was visited

 A value for consumed items based on a table of values corresponding to items and;

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 A value corresponding to an amount spent during a period of time (paragraphs 0010-0013).

Re Claims 11-14, 16-17 19 and 20: Further system claims would have been obvious to perform previously rejected method claims 14, 6-7, and 9-10 respectively and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale (Also see fig 2A for system layout).

Claims 21-24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rowe, Fredregill, Jaffe and Soumas as applied to claims 1, 11 above, and further in view of Bloom (Jennifer Kingson Bloom. "New B or A Card Offers Discounts on Bank Products. American Banker. New York, N.Y.: Dec 1, 1997. Vo1162, Iss. 229: p.q 23 (3 page)).

Re Claim 21: Rowe in view of Fredregill, Jaffe and Soumas discloses the claimed method supra but does note explicitly disclose the step of reducing accrued earned value based on a predetermined condition. Bloom discloses a credit card rewards program that contains tiered levels of rewards, in this case a reduction of interest rates on the card balance, based upon the total expenditures of the card (Page

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2, paragraphs 8-11). Essentially if a customer spends more money on their card, then the interest rate on that balance will be reduced. It follows then that if certain preconditions were not met (i.e. level of expenditure) than the earned value will be reduced. It would have been obvious to anyone skilled in the ordinary art at the time of invention to include the teachings of Bloom to the method of Rowe in order to entice people to spend more money on their credit card, thus providing the issuer of the card with higher revenues. A flat reward rate provides no incentive to spend more, however increasing the rewards in lockstep with expenditures might entice the credit card holders to spend more in order to achieve the higher rewards.

Re Claim 22: Rowe in view of Fredregill, Jaffe and Soumas in view of Bloom discloses the claimed method supra and Bloom further discloses the step further comprising wherein the predetermined condition includes one or more of: if a consumer of an account does not consume a predetermined amount of a consumable item and if a consumable item from another supplier is consumed. Bloom points out that a customer who does not consume a certain amount of purchases will not achieve the highest rewards. In other words, if certain threshold expenditure values are not met, the higher set of rewards is not activated.

Re Claims 23 and 24: Further system claims would have been obvious from previously rejected method claims 21 and 22 respectively and are therefore rejected using the same art and rationale.

Response to Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments with respect to amended claims have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to HARISH T. DASS whose telephone number is (571)272-6793. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 AM to 4:50 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kyle Charles can be reached on 571-272-6746. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Harish T Dass/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3695